

# S. TEKRIWAL & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of ACME Solar Energy Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ACME Solar Energy Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and its profit/loss (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

 The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Directors' Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting

records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 9. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
    or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
    sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
    misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
    collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
    are appropriate in the circumstances Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for
    expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system with
    reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
    disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
    manner that achieves fair presentation.

10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 11. Based on our Audit, the Company has not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable.
- 12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 13. As required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
  - c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
  - The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 13(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);
  - g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2025 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and
  - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - The Company, as detailed in note 32 to the financial statement, has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position as at 31 March 2025;
    - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2025;
    - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025;
    - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 36(H) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 36(I) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2025.
- vi. As stated in note 35 to the financial statements and based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on or after 1 April 2024, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, audit trail feature was not enabled at database level for accounting software SAP HANA to log any direct data changes. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Furthermore, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner, M. No.: 088262

UDIN: 25088262BMLDSY3447

Place: New Delhi Date: 17-05-2025 Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of ACME Solar Energy Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company does not have property, plant and equipment. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(A), (b), (c), (d) & (e) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
  - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) The Company does not hold any inventory. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits by banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during any point of time of the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) (a) The Company has not provided any loans or guarantees to others during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii)(a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) The Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 of the Act. As the Company is engaged in providing infrastructural facilities as specified in Schedule VI of the Act, provisions of section 186 except sub-section (1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 186 in respect of investments, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/business activity. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.s
- (vii) (a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company, though there have been slight delays in a few cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount (in million)	Amount paid under Protest (in million)	Period to which the amount relates (AY)	Forum where dispute is pending	Stay of Demand
Income- tax Act, 1961	Demand on account of fair valuation of investments u/s 56(2)(viib)	22.18	14.69	2016-17	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)	Stay of demand order received dated 06/01/2025
Income- tax Act, 1961	Demand on account of fair valuation of investments u/s 56(2)(viib)	3.11	0.62	2017-18	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)	Stay of demand order received dated 06/01/2025
Goods & Service Tax	Demand in GST audit proceedings on account of non-payment of consideration to the supplier of goods or services within the period of 180 days	1.06	-	2017-18 to 2021-22	Suprintendent Range 36, Division East- II, CGST Gurugram	Company to challenge the order of Commissioner (Appeal) before GSTAT.

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - (c)In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised any money by way of term loans during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix) (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any funds on short term basis during the year or in any previous year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix) (d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
  - (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company, with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to constitute an audit committee under section 177 of the Act.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system as required under section 138 of the Act which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any noncash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs. 126.93 million in the current financial year and the company has not incurred any losses during the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability

of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, The Company meeting the eligibility criteria, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. A CSR committee has been formed by the Company as per the Act. As per the provision of this section, there is no liability on the Company to spend any amount on CSR activities. So the disclosure requirement is not applicable.
- (xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner, M. No.: 088262

UDIN: 25088262BMLDSY3447

Place: New Delhi Date: 17-05-2025 Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of ACME Solar Energy Private Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

### Responsibilities of Management for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 009612N

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Shishir Tekriwal

Partner, M. No.: 088262

UDIN: 25088262BMLDSY3447

Place: New Delhi Date: 17-05-2025

		In Rs. million	unless otherwise stated
Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Assets			
Non current assets			
Financial assets			
Investments	3	12,655.11	9,905.11
Loans	4	*	1,792.46
Deferred tax assets (net)	5	72.24	57.47
Non current tax assets (net)	6	103.90	40.76
Other non current assets	7	152.66	152.66
Total non current assets		12,983.91	11,948.46
Current assets			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	8	396.02	11.75
Cash and cash equivalents	9	303.46	97.30
Other bank balances	10	2	98.33
Other financial assets	11	862.77	3,945.78
Other current assets	12	50.34	20.46
Total current assets		1,612.59	4,173.62
Total assets		14,596.50	16,122.08
Equity and liabilities			
Equity  Equity	13	3.06	3.06
Equity share capital	14	645.60	645.60
Instrument entirely in the nature of equity	15	4,919.28	5,040.68
Other equity	13	5,567.94	5,689.34
Non current liabilities Financial liabilities		1	
Long term borrowings	16	6,963.02	9,150.40
Total non current liabilities	10	6,963.02	9,150.40
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	22.52		21000
Short term borrowings	17	1,076.99	549.81
Trade payables	18		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		2.99	0.08
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		71.87	115.81
Other financial liabilities	19	654.08	525.64
Other current liabilities	20	259.61	91.00
Total current liabilities		2,065.54	1,282.34
Total equity and liabilities		14,596.50	16,122.08
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information are	1-39		

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 17 May 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Energy A

Arun Chopra

Director DIN No. 05168481

DIN No. 05168481

Place: Gurugram Date: 17 May 2025 Veer Pratap Director

DIN No. 06887340

		In Rs. million	n unless otherwise stated
Particulars		For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	21	1,324.65	1,374.45
Other income	22	701.14	498.61
Total revenue		2,025.79	1,873.06
Expenses			
Construction expenses			
Cost of material consumed	23	761.73	1,294.81
Other construction expenses	23	528.95	
Finance costs	24	812.59	930.25
Other expenses	25	12.92	529.85
Total expense		2,116.19	2,754.91
Profit/ (loss) before exceptional items		(90.40)	(881.85)
Exceptional Items	26	27.99	1,994.14
Profit/ (Loss) before tax		(62.41)	1,112.29
Tax expense			
Current tax expense		73.76	99.66
Deferred tax credit		(14.77)	0.04
Total tax benefit		58.99	99.70
Profit/ (Loss) after tax		(121.40)	1,012.59
Other comprehensive income		=	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income		(121.40)	1,012.59
Earning/ (loss) per share	30		
Basic earning/ (loss) per share (in Rs.)		(365.77)	3,050.82
Diluted earning/ (loss) per share (in Rs.)		(365.77)	3,050.82
Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of financial statements.	1-39		
As per our report of even date attached		•)	

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 17 May 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Arun Chopra Director

DIN No. 05168481

Place: Gurugram Date: 17 May 2025

Veer Pratap Director

DIN No. 06887340



	In Rs. mi	In Rs. million unless otherwise stated		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit/ (loss) before tax	(62.41)	1,112.29		
Adjustments for:				
Finance costs	808.91	930.25		
Interest income	(701.14)	(498.60)		
Liabilities no longer required written back	. <del>=</del> 0	(0.01)		
Contingent consideration received	(37.23)	C <sub>E</sub> -		
Loss on sale of Investment	20	(1,994.14)		
Ancilliary cost on borrowings prepaid	9.24	X=/		
Operating profit before working capital changes	17.37	(450.21)		
Movement in working capital				
Change in trade receivables	(384.27)	51.25		
Change in other current and non current financial assets	3,145.47	(3,386.78)		
Change in other current and non current assets	(29.88)	(144.99)		
Change in trade payables	(41.03)	(176.96)		
Change in other current and non current financial liabilities	130.62	27.43		
Change in other current and non current liabilities	168.61_	(19.16)		
Cash flows from/ (used in) operating activities post working capital changes	3,006.89	(4,099.42)		
Income tax paid (net)	(140.58)	(36.34)		
Net cash flows from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	2,866.31	(4,135.76)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received	639.57	160.16		
Sale of equity investment in subsidiary	-	4,018.73		
Proceeds from contingent consideration related to investment disposed in earlier years	37.23	72		
Investment for purchase of NCD of intermediate holding company	(2,750.00)	(4)		
(Investment)/proceeds from fixed deposit (net)	97.44	(97.44)		
Loan repaid by/ (given to) related parties (net)	1,792.46	749.69		
Net cash flows (used in)/ from investing activities (B)	(183.30)	4,831.14		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES*				
Proceeds from loan from related party	1,076.99	w w		
Repayment of long term borrowings	(2,749.05)	₹,		
Finance costs paid	(804.79)	(882.22)		
Net cash flows from financing activities (C)	(2,476.85)	(882.22)		
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	206.16	(186.84)		
Cash and cash equivalents at the begining of the year	97.30	284.14		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	303.46	97.30		

<sup>\*</sup> Refer note 34 for reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of  $\phantom{0}$  1-39 financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 17 May 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Arun Chopra Director DIN No. 05168481

Place: Gurugram Date: 17 May 2025 Veer Pratap Director DIN No. 06887340



Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2025

Equity share capital

Equity share capital

Particulars

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated Balance as at Issued during the Balance as at 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 year

3.06

3.06

В	Instrument entirely in the nature of equity				In Rs. million unlo	ess otherwise stated
	Particulars	Balance as at 1 April 2023	Issued during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2024	Issued during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2025
	Compulsorily convertible debentures	645.60	- 1	645.60	=	645.60

Issued during the

year

Balance as at

1 April 2023

3.06

Other equity	R				
Particulars	Securities premium Debenture redemption reserve		Retained earnings	Total	
Balance as at 1 April 2023	4,152.16	¥2	(124.07)	4,028.09	
Profit for the year	-	-	1,012.59	1,012.59	
Transferred from retained earnings to debenture redemption reserve		274.91	(274.91)	~~	
Balance as at 31 March 2024	4,152.16	274.91	613.61	5,040.68	
Loss for the year	-		(121.40)	(121.40)	
Transferred from retained earnings to debenture redemption reserve		(274.91)	274.91	-	
Balance as at 31 March 2025	4,152.16	0.00	767.12	4,919.28	

Summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information are integral part of financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal Partner Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 17 May 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Arun Chopra Director

1-39

DIN No. 05168481

Place: Gurugram Date: 17 May 2025 Place: Gurugram

DIN No. 06887340

Veer Pratap Director

Date: 17 May 2025



CIN - U74140HR2010PTC041538

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

#### 1. i) Corporate information

ACME Solar Energy Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 15 November, 2010 under Companies Act, 2013. The entity is engaged in the business of establishing, commissioning, setting up, operating and maintaining power generation using solar, fossil and alternate source of energy and act as owners, manufacturing, engineers, procurers, buyers, sellers, distributors, dealers and contractors for setting up of power plant using glass bases mirrors, photo voltaic, boilers, turbines and/or other equipments for generating, distribution and supplying of electricity and other products using solar, fossil and alternate source of energy under conditions of direct ownership or through its affiliates, associates or subsidiaries.

The Company does not have any employees on the payroll, for which Company has entered into an agreement for operation and maintenance of the project including administrative and financial reporting services.

The financial statement have been authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 17 May 2025.

### 2. Material Accounting Policies

### 2.01 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and the relevant provisions of the Act. Effective 1 April 2016, the Company has adopted all the Ind AS and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with 1 April 2015 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements are presented in Rs. and all values are rounded to the nearest million except where otherwise indicated.

#### Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on a going concern basis except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities which are measured at fair value.

#### 2.02 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

### 2.03 Operating cycle

Based on the nature of the operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

### 2.04 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue excludes taxes collected on behalf of government.

### Rendering of services

The Company generates revenue from rendering of services including operation and maintenance and management services in relation to renewable energy projects. Consideration received for services is recognised as revenue in the year when the service is performed by reference to the stage of completion at the reporting date, when outcome can be assessed reliably. A contract's stage of completion is assessed by management by comparing the work completed with the scope of work.

### Interest Income

Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortized cost of the financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the

### 2.05 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.



#### 2.06 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipments are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of items of the property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discount and rebate, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying property, plant and equipments upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Whenever significant parts of the property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognised based on the cost of assets using the straight-line method. The useful life of property, plant and equipment is considered based on life prescribed in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The estimated useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### 2.07 Impairment of non-financial assets

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. All individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's (or cash-generating unit's) carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The date used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Company's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and asset-specific risk factors.

Impairment losses are charged in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Further, impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount. The reversal is limited so that the carrying of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as an increase in revaluation.

#### 2.08 Financial instruments

#### Recognition, initial measurement and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument, and, except for trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component, these are measured initially at:

- a) fair value, in case of financial instruments subsequently carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL);
- b) fair value adjusted for transaction costs, in case of all other financial instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when the underlying obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

### Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described below.

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

- · Financial assets at amortised cost
- · Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- · Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL

### (1) Financial assets at amortised cost

A 'Financial asset' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets carried at amortised cost.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider:

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.

Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

### Trade receivable

The Company applies simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised

from initial recognition of receivables



#### Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, life time impairment loss is provided otherwise provides for 12 month expected credit losses.

### Classification and subsequent measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in profit or loss.

### Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### Derivative financial instruments

### Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, cross currency rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is

### Compound financial instruments

Compound financial instruments are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of contract. On the issuance of compound financial instruments, the fair value of liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortised cost (net of transaction costs) until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption. The equity component is classified under other equity.

## (2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured initially as well as at the end of each reporting date at fair value, recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI).

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represent solely payment of principal and interest.

### (3) Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income.

### Current income tax

Current income tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year. The amount of current tax payable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria is met. Current Income tax related to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity as the case may be.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and tax base i.e. amounts used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation, deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. A deferred tax liability is recognised in respect of taxable temporary

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss either in comprehensive income or in equity. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

### 2.10 Investment in subsidiaries

The Company has elected to recognize its investments in subsidiaries at cost in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, 'Separate Financial Statements', less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost represents amount paid for acquisition of the said investments.

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its investments in subsidiaries as recognised in the financial statements. On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to profit or loss. Investment in equity shares of subsidiaries and in CCD's which are entirely in the nature of equity, are carried at cost.



#### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments maturing within 3 months from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalent are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk

### 2.12 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligations as a whole. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

Any reimbursement that the Company is virtually certain to collect from a third party with respect to the obligation is recognised as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

No liability is recognised if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resource is remote.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed by way of note unless the possibility of outflow is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognized

### 2.13 Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

When preparing the financial statement, management makes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

### Provision for income tax and deferred tax assets

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allocation of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining the provision for income tax. A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Company exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash-generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable

### Useful lives of depreciable assets

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

### Fair value measurement

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of

### 2.14 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Partly paid equity shares are treated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### 2.15 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. MCA has notified below new standards / amendments which were effective from 1 April, 2024.

### Amendments to Ind AS 116 -Lease liability in a sale and leaseback

The amendments require an entity to recognise lease liability including variable lease payments which are not linked to index or a rate in a way it does not result into gain on Right of use asset it retains.

### Introduction of Ind AS 117

MCA notified Ind AS 117, a comprehensive standard that prescribe, recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements, to avoid diversities in practice for accounting insurance contracts and it applies to all companies i.e., to all "insurance contracts" regardless of the issuer. However, Ind AS 117 is not applicable to the entities which are insurance companies registered with IRDAI.

The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that these amendments do not have a significant impact on these Standalone Financial Statements.





	In Rs. million un	less otherwise stated
Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Investments		
Investment in equity instruments (at cost)		
Subsidiary (at cost)		
ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited	750.10	750.10
4,976,888 (as at 31 March 2024: 4,976,888) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	605.02	605.02
Grahati Solar Energy Private Limited 2,250,455 (as at 31 March 2024: 2,250,455) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	605.02	003.02
Dayakara Solar Power Private Limited	345.00	345.00
2,502,791 (as at 31 March 2024: 2,502,791) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up		
Nirosha Power Private Limited	304.67	304.67
1,090,027 (as at 31 March 2024: 1,090,027) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up		
ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited	466.48	466.48
7,998,657 (as at 31 March 2024: 7,998,657) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	645.10	617.10
ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited	647.10	647.10
4,323,334 (as at 31 March 2024: 4,323,334) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	290.20	290.20
ACME Raipur Solar Power Private Limited 2,078,965 (as at 31 March 2024: 2,078,965) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	290.20	270.20
ACME PV Powertech Private Limited	541.14	541.14
2,042,042 (as at 31 March 2024: 2,042,042) equity share of Rs 265 each, fully paid up		
ACME Magadh Solar Power Private Limited	187.04	187.04
2,499,474 (as at 31 March 2024: 2,499,474) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up		
ACME Nalanda Solar Power Private Limited	269.69	269.69
2,472,609 (as at 31 March 2024: 2,472,609) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	427.03	427.03
ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited	427.03	427.03
58,998,919 (as at 31 March 2024: 58,998,919) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	412.72	412.72
ACME Jodhpur Solar Power Private Limited	412.72	412.72
62,478,119 (as at 31 March 2024: 62,478,119) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	207.00	207.00
ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limited	387.00	387.00
18,742,500 (as at 31 March 2024: 18,742,500) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	57(.0)	57( 0(
ACME Mahbubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited	576.86	576.86
28,493,700 (as at 31 March 2024: 28,493,700) equity share of Rs 10 each, fully paid up	(210.05	
Total =	6,210.05	6,210.05
Investment in compulsory convertible deboutures (convict at cost)		
Investment in compulsory convertible debentures (carried at cost)	100471 10770	525012 12 to
Grahati Solar Energy Private Limited	604.98	604.98
2,240,654 (as at 31 March 2024: 2,240,654) compulsory convertible debenture of Rs 270		
each, fully paid up Dayakara Solar Power Private Limited	345.00	345.00
2,492,963 (as at 31 March 2024: 2,492,963) compulsory convertible debenture of Rs 138	3-13.00	3.13.00
(n.o. 1,521,738) and Rs. 139 (n.o. 971,225) each, fully paid up		
ACME Raipur Solar Power Private Limited	220.00	220.00
1,517,243 (as at 31 March 2024: 1,517,243) compulsory convertible debenture of Rs 145		
each, fully paid up	No. 15/0	
ACME PV Powertech Private Limited	518.86	518.86
1,952,755 (as at 31 March 2024: 19,52,755) compulsory convertible debenture of Rs		
265.7061 each, fully paid up		





	In Rs. million un	less otherwise stated
Particulars	As at	As at
rarticulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Investment in compulsory convertible debentures (carried at amortised cost)		
Nirosha Power Private Limited	295.33	295.33
1,047,279 (as at 31 March 2024: 1,047,279) 9.25% compulsory convertible debenture of		
Rs 282 each, fully paid up		
ACME Mahbubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited	273.76	273.76
15,209,056 (as at 31 March 2024: 15,209,056) compulsory convertible debenture of Rs 18		
each, fully paid up		
ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limted	180.08	180.08
9,477,632 (as at 31 March 2024: 9,477,632) compulsory convertible debenture of Rs 19		
each, fully paid up		
ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited	621.37	621.37
621,369 (as at 31 March 2024 621,369) compulsory convertible debenture of Rs 1000		
each, fully paid up		
ACME Jodhpur Solar Power Private Limited	635.68	635.68
635,677 (as at 31 March 2024: 635,677) compulsory convertible debenture of Rs 1000		
each, fully paid up	- *	
	3,695.06	3,695.06
Investment in Non-convertible debentures		
ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited^	2,750.00	21
	2,750.00	-
Total amount of investments	12,655.11	9,905.11
Aggregate of unquoted investments	12,655.11	9,905.11
Aggregate of unquoted investments at market value	0.00	0.00
Aggregate amount or quoted investments at market value Aggregate of impairment amount in investments	-	0.00
Aggregate of impairment amount in investments		

- ^ Terms of Non Convertible debentures
- 1. Each Non-Convertible Debenture ('NCD") shall have a face value of Rs. 1,000/- (Rupees Thousand only) and will be subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.
- 2. Interest rate on NCD's shall be 13.00% p.a. payable annually.
- 3. NCD's shall be redeemed within a period of five years from the date of allotment of NCD's with a lock-in period of 6 months and the repayment schedule as below:

End of Year 3: 30% along with accrued Interest, if any

End of Year 4: 30% along with accrued Interest, if any

End of Year 5: 40% along with accrued Interest, if any

4. Company shall have a Call option & Non-Convertible Debenture holder shall have a Put option to redeem the debentures, either full or partial, at any time after the expiry of lock-in period. If the option is not exercised then the debentures will be redeemed as per the repayment schedule mentioned above.



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Total

	In Rs. milli	In Rs. million unless otherwise stated	
D	As at	As at	
Particulars	31 March 202	5 31 March 2024	
Loans - non current			
Unsecured			
Loans to related parties*	3	- 1,792.46	
55/55/55/55 (\$15.0) (\$15.0) (\$1.0)		- 1,792.46	
		THE SERVER STATE OF THE SE	

Loan given to ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited) amounting to Rs. nil (31 March 2024: Rs. 1,792.46 million) is chargeable to interest @ 14.50 % with the tenure of 5 years beginning from the date of disbursal of first tranche and interest is payable on yearly basis.

5 Deferred tax assets (net)		
Deferred tax assets arising on:		
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	72.22	57.44
Property, plant and equipment	0.02	0.03
	72.24	57.47
Deferred tax assets	72.24	57.47
Deferred tax liabilities	ž.	_
Deferred tax assets (net)	72.24	57.47

In Rs. million unless otherwise stated Recognised in other Credit recognised in Particulars As at As at comprehensive statement of profit 01 April 2024 31 March 2025 (2024-25)and loss income Assets Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses 57.44 14.78 72.22 (0.01)0.02 0.03 Property, plant and equipment

57.47

14.77

Particulars (2023-24)	As at 01 April 2023	(Expenses)/ credit recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2024
Assets				
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	57.47	(0.03)	•	57.44
Property, plant and equipment	0.04	(0.01)	31	0.03
Total	57.51	(0.04)	-	57.47

Effective tax reconciliation	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Loss before tax	(62.41)	1,112.29
Applicable tax rate*	25.17%	25.17%
Expected tax benefit [A]	(15.71)	279.94
Expenses not allowable in determining taxable profit	0.93	0.05
Capital Gain taxed at different rate	20	(180.29)
Earlier year tax	73.76	-
Others	0.01	· ·
Total adjustments [B]	74.70	(180.24)
Actual tax benefit [C=A+B]	58.99	99.70
Total tax incidence	58.99	99.70
Tax benefit recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss [D]	58.99	99.70

\*The Company had exercised the option under section 115BAA of the Income-tax Act, 1961, as introduced by the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Act, 2019, while filing return of income for the financial year ended 31 March 2021. Consequently, the Company had applied the lower income tax rates on the deferred tax assets/ liabilities to the extent these are expected to be realized or settled in the future period under the new regime.





72.24

Particulars							In Rs. million unless As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 202
Non current tax assets (net)								
Advance tax (net of provision							103.90	40.76
							103.90	40.70
Other non current assets								
Deposits under protest with g	overnment authorities (re	fer note 32)					152.66	152.6
Deposite anna p							152.66	152.6
Trade receivables								
Considered good- unsecured*	*						396.02	11.7
		25 12134					396.02	11.7
Trade receivable ageing sch	iedule as at 31 March 20						In Rs. million unless	otherwise stat
24 34 1 2027		Ou		r following p	eriods from t	he due date	of payment	– Total
31 March 2025	Unbilled revenue	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3years	More than 3 years	101111
Undisputed trade receivable	Terente		o momilio	20.000				2010
Considered good		361.74	31.76	2.52		- 4	, -	396.0
Credit impaired		-	-	=	5.	5		140
Disputed trade receivable								
Considered goods		7.	H	ω	2	-		-
Credit impaired Total trade receivable		361,74	31.76	2,52		-		396.0
Total trade receivable						0 1 1 1 1	-6	
31 March 2024	Unbilled	Ou	Less than	r following p 6 months	W 187			– Total
31 March 2024	revenue	Not due	6 months	to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed trade receivable	5.02	5.00						11.7
Considered good	5.83	5.92	₹311 201	5	5	-	<u></u>	
Credit impaired Disputed trade receivable	-	:=::	-	-				
Considered goods			-	2	121	27		-
Credit impaired	-	-	***		-	3	2	19 <del>4</del>
Total trade receivable	. 5.83	5.92	-	-	-		-	11.
* Includes unbilled revenue		: Rs 5.83 mil	lion)					
# Includes receivables from 1								
							36.05	67.0
# Includes receivables from 1								
# Includes receivables from the Cash and cash equivalents	t accounts	ths*					267.31	30.2
# Includes receivables from r Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur	t accounts rity of less than three mon		20.27:11	\ v d -	a colleteral fo	r latter of er	267.31 303.46	30.3 97.
# Includes receivables from r Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M	arch 2024: Rs	s. 30.27 millio arnest money	on) are used a	s collateral fo	r letter of cre	267.31 303.46	30.3 97.
# Includes receivables from no Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put Of Other bank balances	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M archase/performance bank	arch 2024: R guarantees/ e	s. 30.27 millio arnest money	on) are used a deposits for s	s collateral fo	r letter of cro	267.31 303.46	30.2 97.3 and bank
# Includes receivables from no Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M archase/performance bank	arch 2024: R guarantees/ e	s. 30.27 millio arnest money	on) are used a deposits for :	s collateral fo solar power p	r letter of cro rojects.	267.31 303.46	30.: 97.: and bank
# Includes receivables from no Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put Of ther bank balances Bank deposits with original states.	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M archase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor	arch 2024: Rs guarantees/ e ths*	arnest money	deposits for	solar power p	rojects.	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit	30.2 97.3 and bank 98.3
# Includes receivables from no Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put Ofther bank balances Bank deposits with original standards.  Includes deposits balance of	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor FRs. Nil (31 March 2024:	arch 2024: R: guarantees/ e iths* Rs. 98.33 mil	arnest money	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects.	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit	30 97 and bank 98.
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance o guarantees for equipment pu Ofther bank balances Bank deposits with original	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor FRs. Nil (31 March 2024:	arch 2024: R: guarantees/ e iths* Rs. 98.33 mil	arnest money	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects.	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit	30 97 and bank 98.
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put Ofter bank balances Bank deposits with original and includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor FRs. Nil (31 March 2024:	arch 2024: R: guarantees/ e iths* Rs. 98.33 mil	arnest money	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects.	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank gr	98. 98. 98. 98.
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance o guarantees for equipment pu O Other bank balances Bank deposits with original a Includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M archase/performance bank maturity more than 3 more Rs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea	arch 2024: R: guarantees/ e iths* Rs. 98.33 mil	arnest money	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects.	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank gr	98. 98. 98. 98. 98.
# Includes receivables from no Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put Ofter bank balances Bank deposits with original includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform Ofter financial assets	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor FRs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea	arch 2024: R: guarantees/ e iths* Rs. 98.33 mil	arnest money	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects.	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank gr 606.39 137.80	98. 98. 98. 98. 98. 98. 98. 98. 98. 98.
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur  *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put  Other bank balances Bank deposits with original and Includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform  Other financial assets Interest accrued on financial Receivable from related part Contract assets^	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor FRs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea	arch 2024: R: guarantees/ e iths* Rs. 98.33 mil	arnest money	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects.	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank gr	98.  98.  98.  98.  343.  3,401.
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance o guarantees for equipment pu O Other bank balances Bank deposits with original a Includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform Other financial assets Interest accrued on financial Receivable from related part	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor FRs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea	arch 2024: R: guarantees/ e iths* Rs. 98.33 mil	arnest money	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects.	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank gr 606.39 137.80 100.25	98.  98.  98.  98.  343.  3,401.
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur.  *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment pure.  Other bank balances Bank deposits with original and includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform.  Other financial assets Interest accrued on financial Receivable from related part. Contract assets^	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor FRs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea	arch 2024: R: guarantees/ e iths* Rs. 98.33 mil	arnest money	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects.	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank g 606.39 137.80 100.25	30.2 97.3 and bank  98. 98. anarantees for  543. 3,401.
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance o guarantees for equipment pu Ofter bank balances Bank deposits with original a Includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform Ofter financial assets Interest accrued on financial Receivable from related part Contract assets Ofter financial assets -Others *Refer note 28	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor rRs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea  l assets* ty*	arch 2024: Rs guarantees/ e tths* Rs. 98.33 mil mest money o	arnest money llion) are used leposits for so	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects. redits, suppl	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank gr 606.39 137.80 100.25	98. 98. 98. 98. 98. 343.
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur  *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put  Other bank balances Bank deposits with original for the purpose of equipment purchase/perform  Other financial assets Interest accrued on financial Receivable from related part Contract assets Other financial assets -Others	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor rRs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea  l assets* ty*	arch 2024: Rs guarantees/ e tths* Rs. 98.33 mil mest money o	arnest money llion) are used leposits for so	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects. redits, suppl	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank g 606.39 137.80 100.25	30. 97. and bank  98. 98. anarantees for  543. 3,401
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur *Includes deposits balance o guarantees for equipment pu Other bank balances Bank deposits with original a Includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform Other financial assets Interest accrued on financial Receivable from related part Contract assets Other financial assets -Others *Refer note 28 ^Recoverable from customes Other current assets	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor rRs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea  l assets* ty*	arch 2024: Rs guarantees/ e tths* Rs. 98.33 mil mest money o	arnest money llion) are used leposits for so	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects. redits, suppl	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit	30 97 and bank  98 98 98 3,401 3,945
# Includes receivables from a Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur  *Includes deposits balance o guarantees for equipment pu Other bank balances Bank deposits with original a Includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform Other financial assets Interest accrued on financial Receivable from related part Contract assets Other financial assets -Others  *Refer note 28 ^Recoverable from custome Other current assets Advance to vendors	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor or Rs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea or assets* ty*	arch 2024: Rs guarantees/ e tths* Rs. 98.33 mil mest money o	arnest money llion) are used leposits for so	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects. redits, suppl	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank gr 606.39 137.80 100.2: 18.33 862.77	30 97 and bank  98 98 98 3,401 3,945
# Includes receivables from no Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur  *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put  Other bank balances Bank deposits with original includes deposits with original includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform  Other financial assets Interest accrued on financial Receivable from related part Contract assets Other financial assets -Others  *Refer note 28  ^Recoverable from custome:  Other current assets Advance to vendors Balance with government as	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor or Rs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea or assets* ty*	arch 2024: Rs guarantees/ e tths* Rs. 98.33 mil mest money o	arnest money llion) are used leposits for so	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects. redits, suppl	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit	98 98 98 98 3,401 3,945
# Includes receivables from no Cash and cash equivalents Balances with bank - current Deposits with original matur  *Includes deposits balance of guarantees for equipment put Office bank balances Bank deposits with original includes deposits balance of equipment purchase/perform Office financial assets Interest accrued on financial Receivable from related part Contract assets Other financial assets -Others  *Refer note 28  ^Recoverable from customes Office current assets Advance to vendors	t accounts rity of less than three mon of Rs. 10.31 million (31 M orchase/performance bank maturity more than 3 mor or Rs. Nil (31 March 2024: nance bank guarantees/ ea or assets* ty*	arch 2024: Rs guarantees/ e tths* Rs. 98.33 mil mest money o	arnest money llion) are used leposits for so	deposits for s	solar power p	rojects. redits, suppl	267.31 303.46 edits, supplier's credit  ier's credit and bank gr 606.39 137.80 100.2: 18.33 862.77	30.2 97.3 and bank  98.3 98.3 starantees for  543.3,401.5 3,945.6



### 13 Equity share capital

			In Rs. million unless	otherwise stated
P - /' - I	As at 31 Ma	rch 2025	As at 31 Mai	rch 2024
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised	50,00,000	50.00	50,00,000	50.00
Issued and subscribed and fully paid up	3,06,083	3.06	3,06,083	3.06
Total	3,06,083	3.06	3,06,083	3.06

### 1. Reconciliation of equity capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

			In Rs. million unless	s otherwise stated		
Douties Ious	For the year ended 31 March 2025 For the year ended 31 March					
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount		
At the beginning of the year	3,06,083	3.06	3,06,083	3.06		
Issued during the year		-	2	944		
Outstanding at the end of the year	3,06,083	3.06	3,06,083	3.06		

### 2. Shares held by holding Company

Daniel and a second	As at 31 Ma	rch 2025	As at 31 March 2024		
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	
ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME	3,06,083	3.06	3,06,083	3.06	
Solar Holdings Private Limited)*					

including shares held by nominee shareholder

3. Number of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the Company

	As at 31 Ma	rch 2025	As at 31 March 2024		
Particulars	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding	
ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	3,06,083	100%	3,06,083	100%	

### 4. Shareholding of promoter

Shareholding of promoter is as follows:

	Shares held by promoter						
Promoter Name	As at 31 Ma	rch 2025	As at 31 Ma	rch 2024	— % Change during		
	Number of shares	% Holding	Number of shares	% Holding	the year		
ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	3,06,083	100%	3,06,083	100%	0%		

### 5. Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts.

## 6. Details of shares issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus issues and brought back during the last 5 years for each class of shares

The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares nor has there been any buy-back of shares in the current year and immediately preceding five years.



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In Rs. million ur	nless otherwise stated
As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
645.60	645.60
645.60	645,60
	As at 31 March 2025

### Terms and conditions of conversion of Compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD)

In earlier years, the Company had issued 645,600 compulsory convertible debentures of Rs. 1,000 each to ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited). Rate of Interest on CCD should be 16% per annum. There shall be the moratorium period of one year for interest accrual and payment from the date of allotment, CCD may be converted into Equity Shares at any time after the expiry of twenty nine years from the date of allotment at the option of both, the CCD holders and the Company. In case no option is exercised by any of them, then CCD shall be compulsorily converted on the last day of expiry of thirty years from the date of allotment. Each lot of 25 CCD along with interest shall be mandatorily converted into 1 equity shares on the date of conversion.

CCD holders had waived the interest accrued on these complulsory convertible debentures for the current and previous year.

### 15 Other equity

Securities premium		
Opening balance	4,152.16	4,152.16
Share capital issued during the year		-,102.10
Balances at the end of the year	4,152.16	4,152.16
Debenture redemption reserve		
Opening balance	274.91	_
Transfer from/ (to) retained earnings	(274.91)	274.91
Balances at the end of the year		274.91
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	613.61	(124.07)
Net Profit/ (loss) during the year	(121.40)	1,012.59
Transfer from/ (to) debenture redemption reserve	274.91	(274.91)
Balances at the end of the year	767.12	613.61
Total other equity	4,919.28	5,040.68

### Securities premium

Securities premium represents premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

### Retained earnings

All the profits or losses made by the Company are transferred to retained earnings from Statement of Profit and Loss.

### Debenture redemption reserve

The Company is required to create a Debenture Redemption Reserve out of the profits which are available for payment of dividend for the purpose of redemption of non convertible debentures. Accordingly, debenture redemption reserve has been created to the extent of profits available for payment of dividend.

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	In Rs. million unle	ss otherwise stated
Particulars	As at	As at
Farticulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Long term borrowings		
Secured		
Non convertible debentures <sup>#&amp;</sup>		2,187.38
Unsecured		
Compulsory convertible debenture*	6,956.93	6,956.93
UnSecured		
Loan from related parties^ (Refer Note 28)	6.09	6.09
	6,963.02	9,150.40
	The state of the s	C. Property of the Contract of

<sup>\*</sup> In earlier years, the company has issued 3,514,500 compulsory convertible debentures (CCD) of Rs. 1,000 each to ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited) for a period of 30 years and chargeable to interest @ 14.50% per annum.

In earlier years, the Company had issued 3,442,428 compulsory convertible debentures (CCD) of Rs. 1,000 each to ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited) for a period of 30 years and these are interest free.

These instruments may be converted into equity shares at the option of CCD holder and the Company after the date of allotment. In case no option is exercised by any one of them, then CCD shall be compulsory converted into equity shares on expiry of 30 years from the date of allotment. The conversion ratio will be arrived by dividing investment value on the date of conversion, by fair market of equity shares on that date.

^ Borrowings from related party amounting to Rs. 6.09 million is chargeable to interest @ 9.50% p.a and Principal will be repayable after 5 years w.e.f. 01 April 2023 and interest is payable on yearly basis.

# Refer Note 33 for assets pledged and note 29 for terms of issue.

### 17 Short term borrowings

S	ecu	red

16

	Current maturity of long term borrowings		
	Non convertible debentures#	2	549.81
	Unsecured		
	Loan from related parties*	1,076.99	2
		1,076.99	549.81
	* These are interest free and repayable on demand (refer note 28).		
	# Refer Note 33 for assets pledged and note 29 for terms of issue.		
18	Trade payables		
	Due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	2.99	0.08
	Due to others*	71.87	115.81
		74.86	115.89
	*Also include trade payable to related parties (refer note 28)		
	Note:-		
a	Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'):		
i)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	2.99	0.08
ii)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year	7.7.7.	-
iii)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid	±	2
	but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006.		
iv)	The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and	-	-
v)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date	₩	2
	when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006		
		2.99	0.08

The above information regarding dues to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006 has been determined to the extend identified and information available with the Company pursuant to Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006.





<sup>&</sup>amp; Net of ancillary borrowing cost of Rs. Nil (31 March 2024: Rs. 11.86 million)

Trade payable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024

		and the second second					
In	De	million	****	acc	nt	horwica	etator

31 March 2025	Outstanding for following periods from the due date of payment					
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed dues - MSME*	0.01	2.92	0.07	9	4	2.99
Undisputed dues - Others	14.07	41.39	16.41	_	<b>2</b> 0	71.87
Disputed dues - MSME*	-	=	-	9.5	-	-
Disputed dues - Others			( <del>-</del>			
Total trade payables	14.08	44.31	16.47	Ţ.	-	74.86

31 March 2024	Outstanding for following periods from the due date of payment					
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed dues - MSME*	0.02	0.05	#	0.01	-	0.08
Undisputed dues - Others	16.36	99.45	=	-		115.81
Disputed dues - MSME*	72	=	-	-	. •	<b>3</b> /2
Disputed dues - Others						
Total trade payables	16.38	99.50		0.01	-	115.89

<sup>\*</sup>MSME as per the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

		In Rs. million unle	ss otherwise stated
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
19	Other financial liabilities		
	Interest accrued on borowings from related party*	1.04	0.52
	Interest accrued on compulsory convertible debenture*	492.66	495.36
	Other financial liabilities		
	Related parties*	32.84	11.98
	Others	127.54	17.78
		654.08	525.64
	*Refer note 28	:	
20	Other current liabilities		
	Advance from customers*	209.09	-
	Statutory dues	50.52	91.00
		259.61	91.00
	*Refer note 28		

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	In Rs. million	unless otherwise stated
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
21 Revenue from operations		
Revenue from construction services		
Sale of products and services	1,312.66	1,359.28
Operation and maintenance services	11.99	15.17
	1,324.65	1,374.45
22 Other income		
Interest income		
Bank deposits	8.08	20.19
Compulsory convertible debentures (refer Note 28)	188.87	189.31
Non-convertible debentures	335.15	-
Loans to related parties (refer Note 28)	169.04	284.41
Others		4.69
Excess provisions written back		0.01
	701.14	498.61

### Revenue from contracts with customers

### a) Disaggregation of revenue

Set out below is the disaggregation of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers:

	In Rs. million unless otherwise st		
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024	
Revenue from contracts with customers			
Based on nature of goods/ services			
Sale of products and services	1,312.66	1,359.28	
Operation and maintenance services	11.99	15.17	
Total revenue	1,324.65	1,374.45	

### b) Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contract with customers:

	In Rs. million unless otherwise s		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	
Receivables			
Trade receivables	396.02	5.92	
Unbilled revenue for passage of time	V-1	5.83	
Total receivables (a)	396.02	11.75	
Contract assets (Refer note 11)			
Unbilled revenue other than passage of time	100.25		
Total contract assets (b)	100.25		
Contract liabilities			
Advance from customer	209.09	-	
Total contract liabilities (c)	209.09		
Total (a+b-c)	287.18	11.75	
		to the state of th	

Contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. Contract liability is the entity's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration from the customer in advance. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of consideration is due and the amount is billable. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue as and when the performance obligation is satisfied.



### c) Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

	In Rs million unless otherwise stated			
Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024		
Revenue as per contract	1,324.65	1,374.45		
	1,324.65	1,374.45		

### d) Transaction price - remaining performance obligation

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts as the revenue recognised corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed till the reporting period.

### e) There is no significant estimate involved in the recognition from revenue from contract.

23	Cost of material consumed		
	Cost of material consumed	761.73	1,294.81
	Other construction expenses	528.95	-
		1,290.68	1,294.81
24	Finance costs		
	Interest on		
	Non convertible debentures	257.77	373.44
	Delayed payment of taxes	3.68	0.19
	Compulsory convertible debentures (refer Note 28)	547.40	550.40
	Inter Corporate deposit (refer Note 28)	0.58	0.58
	Others	0.04	
	Amortisation of ancillary cost of borrowings	2.62	5.24
	Other borrowing cost	0,50	0.40
		812.59	930.25
25	Other expenses		
40	Operation and maintenance expenses	11.07	14.11
	Rent & Hire charges	0.15	17.11
	Rates and taxes	0.13	0.04
	Legal and professional fees	1.34	5.54
	Payment to auditors (refer note a below)	0.06	0.13
	Bank charges	0.05	0.03
	Charity and Donation	0.03	510.00
	Loss on exchange fluctuation (net)	0.24	510.00
	2000 on eveninge nactuation (net)	12.92	529.85
	note:-		027100
	a) payment to auditor (inclusive of taxes)		
	Statutory audit	0.06	0.13
	5	0.06	0.13
26	Exceptional Items		
-	Net gain on sale of Investments		1,994.14
	Contingent consideration related to investment disposed in earlier years	37.23	-,,-,,,,,
	Ancilliary cost on borrowings prepaid	(9.24)	
		27,99	1,994.14
			-,,





#### 27 Financial instruments

### (i) Fair value hierarchy

There are no financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value in these financial statements.

(ii) Financial instruments by category

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

Particulars	31 Ma	31 March 2025		rch 2024
Tarticulars	FVTPL*	Amortised cost	FVTPL*	Amortised cost
Financial assets				
Investments		12,655.11		9,905.11
Loans		-	100	1,792.46
Other financial assets	-	862.77	24	3,945.78
Trade receivable		396.02	-	11.75
Cash and cash equivalents		303.46	in the second	97.30
Other bank balances		-		98.33
Total financial assets	<u>.</u>	14,217.36	-	15,850.73
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings		8,040.01	0.00	9,700.21
Other financial liabilities	-	654.08	727	525.64
Trade payables	· -	74.86		115.89
Total financial liabilities	-	8,768.95		10,341.74

<sup>\*</sup>Fair value through profit and loss

#### (iii) Risk management

The Company's activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the Company is exposed to and how the Company manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

### (A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

### a) Credit risk management

### i) Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

- A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date
- B: Moderate credit risk
- C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	a) Trade Receivables	a) Expected lifetime credit loss from initial recognition.
	b) Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans,	
	investment and other financial assets	b) 12 month expected credit loss

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, there have been no defaults on financial assets of the Company by the counterparty. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. There have been no cases of write off with the Company.

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

Credit rating	Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
A: Low credit risk	Investement, cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, loans, trade receivables and other financial assets	14,217.36	15,850.73





The amortised cost of the financial assets and liabilities approximate to the fair value on the respective reporting dates.

### b) Credit risk exposure

#### (i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for all financial assets except trade receivable, where credit loss is recognised from initial recognition. Refer expected credit loss for following financial assets –

31 March 2025			In Rs million unless otherwise stated	
Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision	
Investments	12,655.11		12,655.11	
Cash and cash equivalents	303.46		303.46	
Trade receivables	396.02		396.02	
Other financial assets	862.77		862,77	

31 March 2024		In	Rs million unless otherwise stated
Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Investments	9,905.11	<u> </u>	9,905.11
Cash and cash equivalents	97.30		97.30
Other bank balances	98.33		98.33
Loans	1,792.46		1,792.46
Trade receivables	11.75		11.75
Other financial assets	3,945.78	-	3,945.78

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

The Company has given loans to group entities and the credit risk in relation to such loans has been assessed as negligible.

The trade receivables of the Company are due from group entities and the credit risk in relation to such receivables has been assessed as negligible.

#### (B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the Company operates.

#### Maturities of financial liabilities

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include estimated interest payments, where applicable.

31 March 2025	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings(including interest)*		1,078.61	8.40	12	1,087.02
Compulsory convertible debentures(including interest)*		1,041.55	2,197.10	15,464.10	18,702.75
Trade payables		74.86			74.86
Other financial liabilities	-	160.38			160.38
Total	-	2,355.41	2,205.50	15,464.10	20,025.00

31 March 2024	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings(including interest)*	-	1,104.78	3,146.51	5 Sec	4,251.29
Compulsory convertible debentures(including interest)*		1,044.26	2,197.10	16,013.00	19,254.36
Trade payables		115.89	(4)	-	115.89
Other financial liabilities	-	29.76	-	-	29.76
Total		2,294.69	5,343.61	16,013.00	23,651.30

\*The Company does not expect any cash outflow at the time of conversion of these liability classified compulsorily convertible debenture; wherein only interest payout has been considered.





#### (C) Market risk

#### a) Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk on account of its payables in foreign currency. Financial liabilities (other than Indian Rupees) as at 31 March 2025 are reinstated in millions Indian Rupees which is stated below:

In Rs		rwise stated
Particulars	31 March 2025 31 M	Aarch 2024
Financial liabilities	USD	USD
Trade and other payables	1.47	.=,
Net foreign exchange risk	1.47	-

#### Sensitivity

Below is the sensitivity impact on profit after tax due to strengthening/(weakening) of the Indian Rupee against US dollars (USD):

	In Rs million unless otherwise state		
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
USD sensitivity			
USD - increase by 10% (31 March 2024: 10%)	0.15		
USD - decrease by 10% (31 March 2024: 10%)	(0.15)	-	

### b) Interest rate risk

### i) Liabilities

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. The Company is not exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates.

### Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk:

	In Rs million unless otherwise sta		
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Fixed rate borrowing	6,963.02	9,150.40	
Total borrowings	6,963.02	9,150.40	

#### ii) Assets

The Company's fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

#### Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the deposits:

In Rs million unles		
Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Fixed rate deposits	267.31	128.60
Total deposits	267.31	128.60

### c) Price risk

The Company does not have any other price risk than interest rate risk and foreign currency risk as disclosed above.

### Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

	In Rs million unless otherwise sta	ated
Particulars	31 March 2025 31 March 20	024
Borrowings	8,040.01 9,700	0.21
Trade payables	74.86	5.89
Other financial liabilities	654.08 525	5.64
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	303.46 97	7.30
Net debt	8,465.49 10,244	4.44
Equity*	5,567.94 5,689	9.34
Total equity	5,567.94 5,689	9.34
Capital and net debt	14,033.43 15,933	3.78
Gearing ratio (%)	60.32% 64.2	29%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants and attached to the interest bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings.





ACME Solar Energy Private Limited CIN - U74140HR2010PTC041538

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

### 28 Related parties

I List of related parties as per the requirements of Ind-AS 24 - Related Party Disclosures

Ultimate Holding Company

MKU Holdings Private Limited

Intermediate Holding Company

ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited

Holding Company

ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)

Subsidiaries

ACME Raipur Solar Power Private Limited

ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited

Dayakara Solar Power Private Limited

Nirosha Power Private Limited

ACME Mahbubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited

ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited

ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limited Devishi Renewable Energy Private Limited (till 03 January, 2024) Deveshi Solar Power Private Limited (till 03 January, 2024)

Eminent Solar Power Private Limited (till 03 January, 2024)

Grahati Solar Energy Private Limited

Sunworld Energy Private Limited (till 03 January, 2024)

ACME Jodhpur Solar Power Private Limited

ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited

ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited

Fellow Subsidiaries (with whom transactions have been made)

ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited

ACME Solar Rooftop System Private Limited

VRS Infotech Private Limited

Vittanath Power Private Limited (till 03 January, 2024) Niranjana Solar Energy Private Limited

Vishwatma Solar Energy Private Limited Dayanidhi Solar Power Private Limited

Aarohi Solar Private Limited

Acme Eco Clean Energy Private Limited

ACME Pokhran Solar Private Limited

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### II Transactions with related parties and outstanding year end balances

million		

S.No.	Particular	For the year ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	unless otherwise stated For the year ended
5.110.	1 at ticular	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
(A)	Transaction with Related Parties*	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Others	Others
1	Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company				-
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	16.24 249.58	38.92 100.10	- :	-
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited			0.03 0.02	8
2	Expenses incurred by the Company on behalf of ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	0.04	28,60		
	ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited) Dayakara Solar Power Private Limited	477.09	3,305.44		23,30
	ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited				17.96
	ACME Solar Rooftop System Private Limited	=			29.41
	ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited			*	13.03
	Grahati Solar Energy Private Limited	-	-		39.82
3	Operation and maintenance income				
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited			6,63 5,36	7.89 7.28
4	Revenue from sale of products and services ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	338.26	1,359,28		덜
	ACME ECO Clean Energy Private Limited	-	19-1	45.07	
	ACME Pokhran Solar Private Limited	-	S-	834.92	
5	Purchase of goods and services ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	1.05	6	=	
6	Operation and maintenance expense				
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	7.99 3.07	14.11	-	-
7	Interest income on Compulsory convertible debenture Nirosha Power Private Limited	_	2 4	27.31	27.33
	ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limited	2	~	18.00	18.04
	ACME Mahbubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited	*		27.36	27.43
	ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited	¥	240	57.44	57.59
	ACME Jodhpur Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	58.76	58.92
8	Interest expense on Compulsory convertible debenture	517.10	750 40		
	ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	547.40	550.40		
9	Interest income on Non-convertible debenture ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	335.15	-		ŧ
10	Interest on loan given to related parties ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	169.04	283,20		1 1.
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited		1.21	-	-
11	Interest expense on Loan from related party Dayakara Solar Power Private Limited		-	0.58	0.58
12	Repayment received of loan given ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited		55,90	agen.	
	ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	1,792.46	693.80	Ž.	2
13	Loan taken Acme Cleantech Solutions Private Limited ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	1,076.99	125.90		•
14	Repayment of loan taken Acme Cleantech Solutions Private Limited		125,90		





S.No.	Particular	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
(B)	Outstanding balances - year end	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Intermediate Holding and Holding Company	Others	Others
1	Related party receivables#			200,000	
	ACME Raipur Solar Power Private Limited	-	121	0.09	0.09
	ACME Jodhpur Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	14.03	14.03
	Dayakara Solar Power Private Limited	*	*	23.30	23,30
	ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited	2	177	-	-
	ACME Solar Rooftop System Private Limited ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited	5.	270	29.47 13.12	29.47
	ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited	-		17.94	13.12 17.96
	ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limited		-	W100000	
	ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	-	3,264.03	0,03	0.03
	Grahati Solar Energy Private Limited	-		39.82	39.82
2	Trade receivables				
	ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited	2	754	2.96	2.13
	ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited	7-9		6,00	3.79
	Acme Pokhran Solar Private Limited		12	387.05	2
3	Trade payables				
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	25.64	16.37	-	
	ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	0.90	•	*-	
4	Borrowings				
	Dayakara Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	6.09	6.09
	ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	1,076.99	20	2	2
5	Related party payables				
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	26.53	10.32	-	
	ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	4.65	-		
	Dayanidhi Solar Power Private Limited	-	-	0.23	0.23
	Aarohi Solar Private Limited	12		0.23	0.23
	Niranjana Solar Energy Private Limited		-	0.02	0.02
	ACME Mahbubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited		-	0.19	0.19
	Nirosha Power Private Limited			0.09	0.09
	Vishwatma Solar Energy Private Limited	17 3/74		0.07	0.07
	VRS Infotech Private Limited	-	-	0.83	0.83
6	Loans given to related parties# ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	-	1,792.46	-	
7	Interest accrued on compulsory convertible debentures ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	492,66	495.36	9	÷
8	Interest accrued on borrowings Dayakara Solar Power Private Limited	37 <u>4</u> 7	_	1.04	0.52
9	Interest receivable on compulsory convertible debentures				
	Nirosha Power Private Limited	100	*	104.73	79.99
	ACME Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limited		180	48.79	32.44
	ACME Mahbubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited		(#)	74.14	49.31
	ACME Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited		1-	155.38	103,53
	ACME Jodhpur Solar Power Private Limited	-	S=3	159.01	105.91
10	Interest receivable on Non convertible debentures ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	63.25		-	_
11	Customer advances received				
	Acme Eco Clean Energy Private Limited	-	-	209.09	7
12	Interest receivable on inter company loan ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings		170.77	20	
	Private Limited)		-24000000		
	ACME Cleantech Solutions Private Limited	1.09	1.09	5	
13	Compulsory convertible debentures ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited)	6,956.93	6,956.93		

<sup>\*</sup> The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

<sup>\*</sup>The Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken at each reporting period.





## ACME Solar Energy Private Limited

CIN - U74140HR2010PTC041538

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

#### 29 Terms of non convertible debentures

### A Non convertible debentures

- 1. Nature of securities:
- (a) a first ranking exclusive charge on cash flows and receivables of the Company and ACME Solar Holdings Limited (formerly known as ACME Solar Holdings Private Limited) ("ASHPL") from the Group "A" Companies and proceeds of any liquidity events to the extent required to be paid to the debenture holders in accordance with liquidity events of the debenutre trust deed "DTD";
- (b) a first ranking exclusive charge on the DSRA and all amounts deposited therein;
- (c) a first ranking exclusive pledge over the pledged securities of the Company;
- (d) a first ranking exclusive pledge over the pledged securities of the ASEPL; and
- (e) a first ranking exclusive pledge over the pledged securities of the Group "A" Companies.

#### 2. Over all return:

- a) Cash coupon of 12.84% payable semi annually
- b) Cash coupon of 13.92% payable semi annually after 31 August, 2023
- c) Cash coupon of 14.50% payable semi annually after 01 February, 2024
- 3. Tenure: 5 years with the following amortization schedule:
- •Principal moratorium for first 3 years
- •End of Year 3: 20% along with accrued Redemption Premium, if any
- •End of Year 4: 30% along with accrued Redemption Premium, if any
- •End of Year 5: 50% along with accrued Redemption Premium, if any

Group "A" Companies includes ACME Solar Energy (Madhya Pradesh) Private Limited, ACME Odisha Solar Power Private Limited, Grahati Solar Energy Private Limited, Dayakara Solar Power Private Limited, Nirosha Power Private Limited, ACME Solar Technologies (Gujarat) Private Limited, ACME Raipur Solar Power Private Limited, ACME Nalanda Solar Power Private Limited, ACME Magadh Solar Power Private Limited, ACME PV Powertech Private Limited, Mihit Solar Power Private Limited, ACME Solar Rooftop Systems Private Limited, Acme Rewa Solar Energy Private Limited, ACME Jodhpur Solar Power Private Limited, Acme Yamunanagar Solar Power Private Limited, ACME Mahbubnagar Solar Energy Private Limited, ACME Solar Power Technology Private Limited.

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### 30 Earning/ (loss) per share

Both the basic and diluted earnings per share have been calculated using the profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company as the numerator, i.e. no adjustments to profit were necessary.

The reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share to the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share is as follows:

In Rs million unless otherwise stated

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Profit/(Loss) attributable to owners	(121.40)	1,012.59
Number of equity shares	3,06,083	3,06,083
Weighted average number of shares used in basic earnings per share	3,31,907	3,31,907
Weighted average number of shares used in diluted earnings per share	3,31,907	3,31,907
Basic earning/ (loss) per share (in Rs.)	(365.77)	
Diluted earning/ (loss) per share (in Rs.)	(365.77)	

Compulsorily convertible debentures, which are convertible into fixed number of equity shares based upon the fair value of the equity shares on the date of conversion, have been considered in the calculation of earnings per share.

### 31 Profit on sale of investments

During the Previous year, the Company has sold investment in Equity Shares of Vittanath Power Private Limited. Details of profit during the previous year are as below:

In Re million unless otherwise stated

	The rest and the stated		
Particulars	As at	As at	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	
Sale consideration received in cash and cash equivalent		4,018.73	
Less: Carrying value of investment in subsidiaries		(2,024.59)	
Profit on sale of investments	k ₹2	1,994.14	

### 32 Contingent liabilities:

In Rs million unless otherwise stated Particulars As at As at 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 Disputed demand for income tax (refer note 1 below) 252 90 252.90 Disputed demand for sales tax (refer note 2 below) 1.06 Total 253.96 252.90

Note 1 : 'Disputed demand for income tax includes a dispute of Rs. 252.90 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 252.90 million) between the ACME Solar Energy Private Limited ("the Subsidary Company") and income tax department in relating to issue of fair value of investment u/s 56(2)(viib) read with rule 11UA. The Company has deposited Rs. 152.66 million (31 March 2024: Rs. 152.66 million) under protest and has filed an appeal before Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal) against the order of Assessing Officer, which is currently pending disposal. Based on inputs from internal experts, the management is of the view that it is more likely than not that matter will be decided in favour of the Company and accordingly, no provision is considered necessary in the financial statements

Note 2: The GST department has issued assessment order for with tax demand of Rs. 1.06 million to the Company on account of non-payment of consideration to the supplier of goods or services within the period of 180 days. The Company has filed an appeal against said demand order before the Supridendent of GST. The management based on inputs from experts is confident that it is more likely than not that the matter will be decided in favor of the Subsidiary Company and accordingly, no adjustment is considered necessary in the financial statements.

### 33 Details of assets pledged

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

In Rs million unless otherwise stated Particulars As at As at 31 March 2025 31 March 2024 Current Trade receivables 11.75 Cash and cash equivalents 97.30 Other bank balances 98.33 Other financial assets 3,945.78 Other current assets 20.46 Total 4,173.62 Non current Investments 9,905.11 Loans 1,792.46 Other non current assets 152.66 Total 11,850.23



### 34 Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities

In	De	million	mulace	athan	 1

Particulars	As at	Cash flows		Non cash changes	As at
	01 April 2024	Additions	Payments	Interest expenses	31 March 2025
Borrowings (including loan from related parties)	9,700.21	1,076.99	(2,749.05)	11.86	8,040.01
Interest accrued on borrowings	0.52	-	(804.79)	805.31	1.04
Total liabilities from financial activities	9,700.73	1,076.99	(3,553.84)	817.18	8,041.05

Particulars	As at 01 April 2023	Cash flows		Non cash changes	As at
		Additions	Payments	Interest expenses	31 March 2024
Borrowings	9,694.97	-	2	5.24	9,700.21
Interest accrued on borrowings	0.40		(882.22)	-5/15/00/11/51	0.52
Total liabilities from financial activities	9,695.37	-	(882.22)	887.58	9,700.73

35 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Company uses an accounting software (SAP HANA) for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software. However, the audit trail feature is not enabled at database level for accounting software SAP HANA to log any direct data changes for users with certain privileged access rights. Further there is no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software where such feature is enabled. Additionally, the audit trail has been preserved by the company as per statutory requirement for record retention.

Presently, the log is enabled at the application level and the privileged access to HANA database continues to be restricted to limited set of users who necessarily require this access for maintenance and administration of the database.

### 36 Additional regulatory disclosures

A) The following are analytical ratios for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024:

Particular	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2025	In Rs million unl 31 March 2024	
(a) Current ratio	Current assets	Current liabilities	0.78	3.26	Variance
(b) Debt equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholders equity	1.44		-76.09% *
(c) Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings available for debt service	Debt Service	0.92	1.70 2.19	-15.31% -57.87% **
(d) Retun on equity ratio (%)	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend (if any)	Average Shareholder's Equity	-2.16%	19.54%	-111.04% **
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	Net Sales	Avg. Inventory	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(f) Trade receivable turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales	Avg. Accounts Receivable & Unbilled revenue	6.50	36.77	-82.33% ^
(g) Trade payable turnover ratio	Net Sales	Avg. Accounts Payables	13.89	6.73	106.52% &
(h) Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales	Working Capital	(2.92)	0.47	-728.41% ^
(i) Net profit ratio (%)	Net profit	Net sales	-9.16%	73.67%	-112.44% **
j) Return on capital employed ratio (%)	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed	5.51%	13.27%	-58.46% **
(k) Return on investment ratio (%)	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds in treasury investments	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

### Reasons for variance

- \* Decrease in current assets during the current year resulting into increase in the ratio.
- ^ Decrease in revenue in current year and increase in trade receivables resulted into decrease of ratio.
- & Decrease in trade payables due to payment made during the year resulted into increase in the ratio
- \*\*The profit reported in the previous financial year included exceptional gains from the disposal of investments. Since there has been no such non-recurring income in the current year, this has led to a decrease in the ratio.





### Other explanatory points

- 1 Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Interest + other adjustments like
- 2 Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt + Deferred Tax Liability
  - The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.
- B) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction, which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies, beyond the statutory period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder.
- C) The Company has not entered into any transaction which has not been recorded in the books of account, that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act,
- D) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
- E) The Company does not have any Benami property and further, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company, in this regard.
- F) The Company has not entered into any transactions with struck off companies, as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.
- G) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- H) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- I) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
  - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

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### 37 Segment reporting

The Company is engaged in the business of engineering, procurement and construction of solar plants and related activities. Chief Operating Decision Maker(CODM) reviews the financial information of the Company as a whole for decision-making and accordingly the Company has a single reportable segment. Further, the operations of the Company are limited within one geographical segment. Hence, no further disclosure is required to be made.

38 Certain amounts (currency value or pecentages) shown in the various tables and paragraphs included in the financial statements have been rounded off or truncated as deemed appropriate by company.

### 39 Subsequent event

The Company evaluated events and transactions, which occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the date when financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent event which were required to be disclosed.

For S. Tekriwal & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 009612N

Shishir Tekriwal

Partner

Membership No. 088262

Place: New Delhi Date: 17 May 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Arun Chopra Director

DIN No. 05168481

Place: Gurugram Date: 17 May 2025 Veer Pratap Director DIN No. 06887340

